

Name _____

Answer the following questions from class and video notes.

1. What are terms found with Knighthood?
2. What are the medieval tournament events?
3. What are the significant ages of knighthood?
4. Where did the Muslims hold territory?
5. Did a knight have to marry the maiden he courted?
6. Knights are considered what?
7. What are the tasks of a squire's training?
8. What are the tasks of a page's training?
9. How long did it take to fully dress a Knight?
10. What is the animal that was the primary host of the Bubonic Plague?
11. Between the 1st and 2nd Crusade how many years passed?
12. How many crusades were fought?
13. What is Individualism?

14. What was the major work of Donatello?
15. In what year did Martin Luther post the 95 Thesis'?
16. What did Sir Isaac Newton invent/discover?
17. Where did the Black Plague originate?
18. What is Renaissance?
19. Martin Luther taught at this university?
20. What are the inventions of the Scientific Revolution?
21. Overall who won the most crusades?
22. What does Prowess mean?
23. What year did the first crusades begin?
24. What is the major work of Raphael?
25. Where is the birthplace of the Renaissance?
26. How tall is the David?
27. What subjects did Peter The Great learn?
28. What did Galileo Galilei invent/discover?

29. Who won the first crusade battle?
30. How were bodies disposed of during the Black Plague?
31. What does justice mean?
32. Why did Europe lose the Crusades?
33. Originally, where was the completed David to be placed?
34. Who created the Spirit of the Laws?
35. What does faith mean?
36. This battle destroyed the value of the Templers during the Crusades?
37. What were the parts of the loyalty oath?
38. What was at stake when a knight fought in an illegal tournament?
39. What did Johannes Kepler invent/discover?
40. Who won the first crusade?
41. What was the holy relic that was connected with the Templers?
42. Who was the most significant war hawk in the 3rd crusade?

43. What is Humanism?
44. In stage 3 of the Black Plague, how long did the victim have till death?
45. What happened first in the ceremony in knighthood?
46. Which crusade did Frederick I and Richard fight in?
47. Why did the Black Plague spread so easy in Europe?
48. What is Secularism?
49. What is the major work of Leonardo Da Vinci?
50. What overall objective was not met during the crusades?
51. What planet did Galileo study that changed the world?
52. What is the name of the group that game the Russian Czars the most problem?
53. Who negotiated the end of the 3rd Crusade?
54. What is knighthood?
55. What is the major work of Michelangelo?
56. What are negative social results of the Black Plague?
57. What did Tycho Brahe invent/discover?

58. What was the intention of the 95 Thesis?
59. Who created skeptical thinking?
60. How much surface area did Michelangelo have available to him in the Sistine Chapel?
61. What was guaranteed for fighting in the crusades?
62. Who created the Blank Slate Theory?
63. Which Pope was a supporter of Galileo?
64. What were the stipulations for a Russian peasant to leave their Feud to go to another Feud?
65. What were major Muslim cities of the Crusades?
66. Who were the famous people that developed early Russia?
67. On Oct. 1632, what happened to Galileo?
68. Who created the attitude of the Enlightenment?
69. What are the reasons the crusades were fought?
70. What was the first scene/cartoon that was created in the Sistine Chapel?
71. What was the most damaging consequence of the Mongol occupation of the Russians?
72. What was the final magnification of Galileo's spy glass?
73. What are the successes of the crusades?
74. How did Michelangelo view himself?

75. What scientist was Galileo supporting in his book?

76. Like Richard of the 3rd Crusade, what can be the most logical conclusion of the attitude of the crusaders and why the Christians could not hold onto the Holy Land?